



FortiGate

on OCB FE

Configuration Guide

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1 References

Reference	Description	Link to document
1	FortiOS™ Handbook VM Installation for FortiOS	https://docs.fortinet.com/uploaded/files/1734/fortigate-vm-install-50.pdf#M8.9.51917.Chapter.Title.FortiGate.VM.Deployment
2	FortiOS™ Handbook Troubleshooting for FortiO	https://docs.fortinet.com/uploaded/files/1079/Troubleshooting.pdf
3	Virtual FortiOS -AdminGuide	https://docs.fortinet.com/uploaded/files/2324/fortigate-virtual_fortios-56-1.pdf
4	FortiGate VM Initial Configuration	https://help.fortinet.com/fos50hlp/54/Content/FortiOS/fortigate-vm-install-54/vm_FGT-VM_Initial_Configuration.htm

2 Introduction

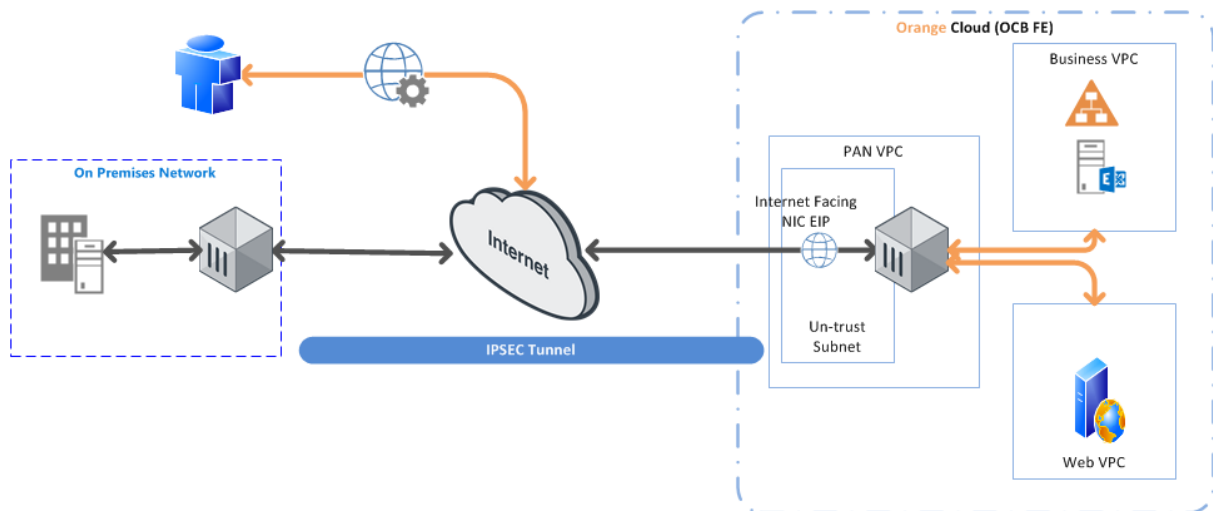
FortiGate virtual appliances allow you to mitigate blind spots by implementing critical security controls within your virtual infrastructure. They also allow you to rapidly provision security infrastructure whenever and wherever it is needed. FortiGate virtual appliances feature all of the security and networking services common to traditional hardware-based FortiGate appliances. With the addition of virtual appliances from Fortinet, you can deploy a mix of hardware and virtual appliances, operating together and managed from a common centralized management platform.

3 Deployment Method

Use the FortiGate VM firewall on OCB FE to secure your network users in the following scenarios:

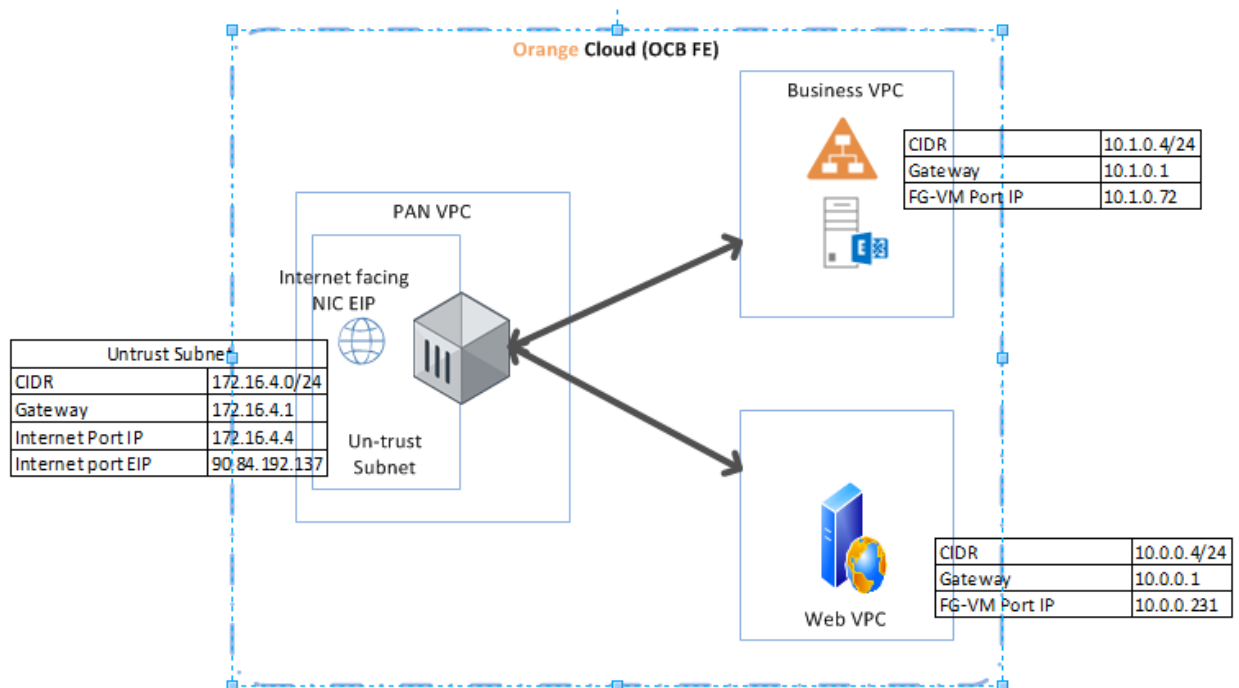
3.1 Hybrid and VPC to VPC

The FortiGate VM firewall on OCB FE allows you to securely extend your physical data center/private cloud into OCB FE using IPsec tunneling. To improve your data center security, if you have segmented your network and deployed your workloads in separate VPC's, you can secure traffic flowing between VPC's with an IPsec tunnel and application whitelisting policies.



- **Inter-Subnet** —The VM-Series firewall can front your servers in a VPC and protects against lateral threats for inter-subnet traffic between applications in a multi-tier architecture.
- **Gateway**—The VM-Series firewall serves as the VPC gateway to protect Internet-facing deployments in the OCB FE (VPC). The FortiGate VM firewall secures traffic destined to the servers in the VPC and it also protects against lateral threats for inter-subnet traffic between applications in a multitier architecture.
- **Remote Access**—Use the OCB FE infrastructure to quickly and easily deploy the FortiGate VM firewall as remote access and extend your gateway security policy to remote users and devices, regardless of location.

3.1.1 VDC Setup on OCB FE



- **FGVM – VPC** hosting one VM Series firewall includes

Management Subnet
Internet Facing Subnet

- **Business- VPC** hosting active directory and exchange server and includes

Business Subnet

We created a port on the Business VPC and assigned it as a third NIC card to the FortiGate VM firewall on FortiGate VM VPC

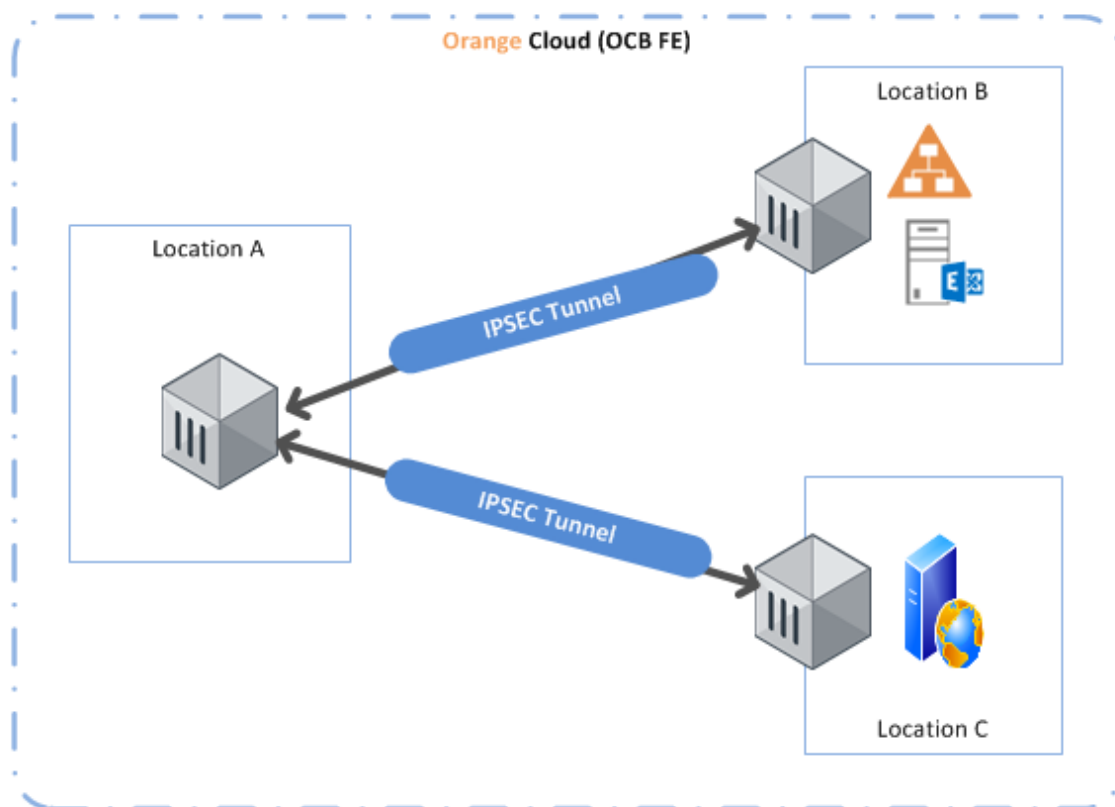
- **Web-VPC** hosting a webserver vm and includes

Web-Subnet

We created a port on the Web VPC and assigned it as a third NIC card to the vm-series firewall on FortiGate VM VPC

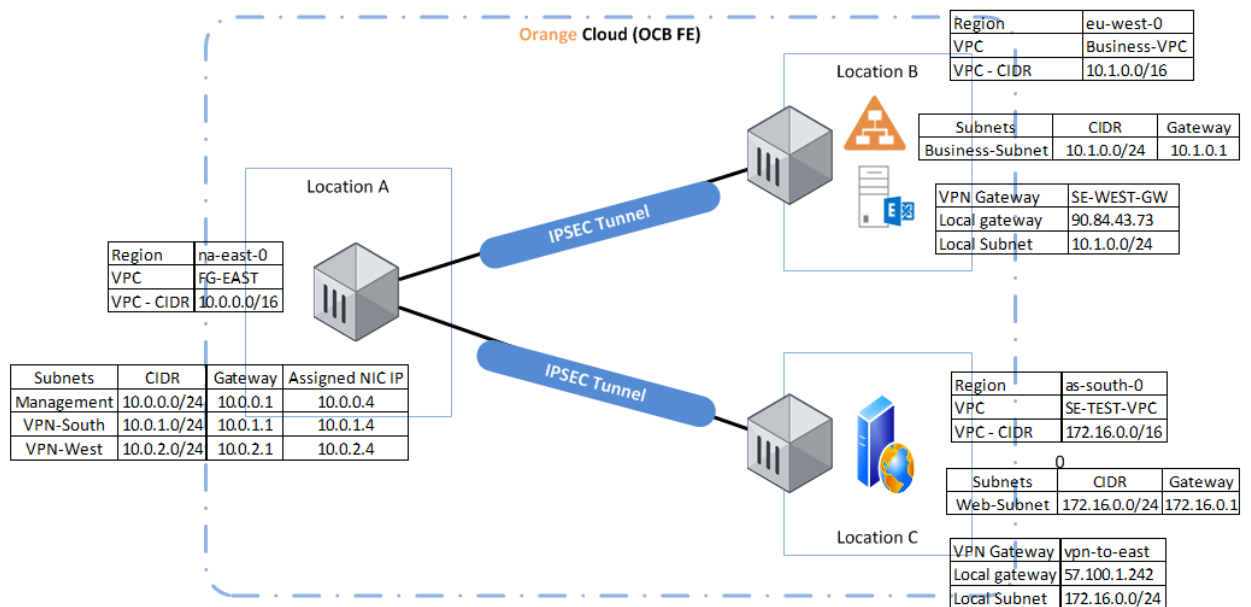
3.2 On Cloud /On Cloud

The FortiGate VM firewall on OCB FE allows you to securely extend your multiple location cloud VPC's into OCB FE using IPsec tunneling.



- **Inter-Subnet** The FortiGate VM firewall can front your servers in a VPC and protects against lateral threats for inter-subnet traffic between applications in a multi-tier architecture.
- **VPN Gateway** A Virtual Private Network (VPN) provides an encrypted communication channel that enables users to remotely access VPCs. In this scenario FortiGate VM firewall acts as the VPN gateway of each location
- **Multiple location VPC's** with two subnets in each VPC.

3.2.1 VDC Setup on OCB FE



This scenario connects multiple VPC's in different locations

East Location:

Contains a VPC hosting vm-series firewall that will be the vpn gateway of this VPC.

West Location:

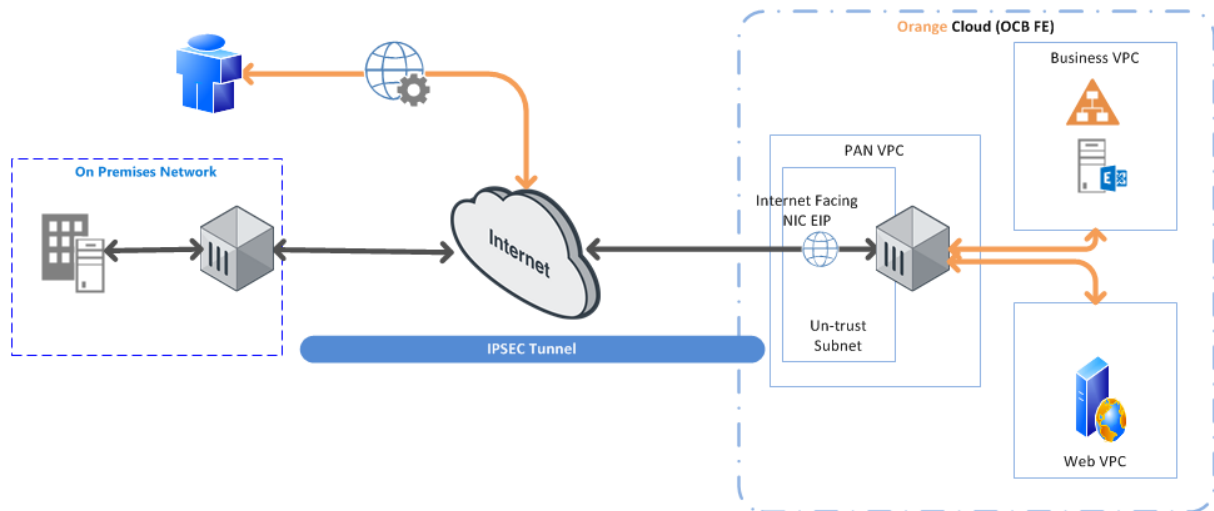
Contains a Business-VPC and a vpn gateway that will initiate the IPsec tunnel for this VPC.

South Location:

Contains a Web-VPC and a vpn Gateway that will initiate the IPsec tunnel for this VPC.

4 Solution Configuration

4.1 Hybrid and VPC to VPC Model



In this model we will configure the following:

1. On Premises ESXI FortiGate VM configuration
2. IPSEC tunnel configuration between on premises Fortigate VM ESXI firewall and OCB FE FortiGate VM
3. Remote VPN configuration.

4.1.1 On Premises FortiGate configuration

Creating a policy to allow traffic from the internal network to the Internet

Some FortiGate models include an IPv4 security policy in the default configuration. If you have one of these models, edit it to include the logging options shown below, then proceed to the results section.

Go to Policy & Objects > IPv4 Policy and create a new policy. Give the policy a Name that indicates that the policy will be for traffic to the Internet. Set the Incoming Interface to the internal interface (called internal on some FortiGate models) and the Outgoing Interface to the Internet facing interface. Set Source, Schedule, and Services as required. Make sure the Action is set to ACCEPT. Scroll down to view the Logging Options. In order to view the results later, enable Log Allowed Traffic and select All Sessions.

Name	Internet_GW
Incoming Interface	LAB_LAN (port1)
Outgoing Interface	LAB_internet (port2)
Source	all
Destination Address	all
Schedule	always
Service	ALL
Action	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ACCEPT <input type="checkbox"/> DENY <input type="checkbox"/> LEARN

Firewall / Network Options

NAT

Fixed Port

IP Pool Configuration Use Outgoing Interface Address Use Dynamic IP Pool

Logging Options

Log Allowed Traffic Security Events All Sessions

4.1.2 Create a Static Route for the VPN Connection

Add the OCB FE internet Facing Subnet address Range and set the destination to Subnet.

Destination i	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Subnet <input type="radio"/> Named Address <input type="radio"/> Internet Service
	10.0.0.0/255.255.0.0
Device	lab-cloud
Administrative Distance i	2
Comments	<input type="text"/> 0/255
Status	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled <input type="checkbox"/> Disabled

4.1.3 Creating Two policies to allow traffic from the internal network to OCB FE VPC and Vice Versa

Name	tocloudlab
Incoming Interface	LAB_LAN (port1) ▼
Outgoing Interface	lab-cloud ▼
Source	all ✕
Destination Address	Lab_Cloud_Subnet ✕
Schedule	always ▼
Service	ALL ✕
Action	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ACCEPT <input type="checkbox"/> DENY <input type="checkbox"/> LEARN

Firewall / Network Options

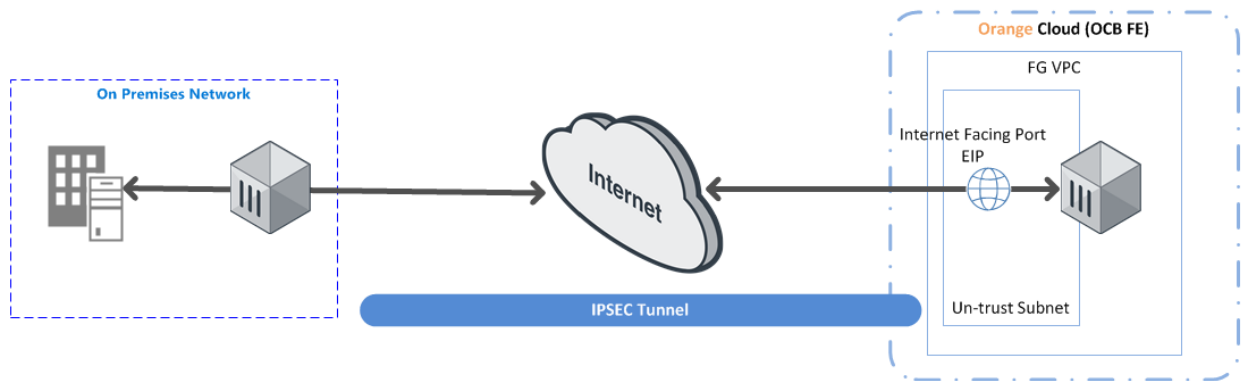
NAT

Name	fromlabcloud
Incoming Interface	lab-cloud ▼
Outgoing Interface	LAB_LAN (port1) ▼
Source	Lab_Cloud_Subnet ✕
Destination Address	all ✕
Schedule	always ▼
Service	ALL ✕
Action	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ACCEPT <input type="checkbox"/> DENY <input type="checkbox"/> LEARN

Firewall / Network Options

NAT

4.2 Site-to-Site VPN-IPSEC Tunnel Configuration



IPSec Tunnel configuration will be performed on Both the firewalls as per the diagram above,

4.2.1 Configuring the onprem. IPsec VPN

1. From the On premises FortiGate

Go to VPN > IPSEC Wizard

VPN Creation Wizard

1 VPN Setup > 2 Authentication > 3 Policy & Routing

Name: HQ-to-Branch

Template Type: **Site to Site** Remote Access Custom

Remote Device Type: **FortiGate** Cisco

NAT Configuration: **No NAT between sites**
 This site is behind NAT
 The remote site is behind NAT

Site to Site - FortiGate

< Back Next > Cancel

Select the **Site to Site** template, and select **FortiGate**

2. In the **Authentication** step, set **IP Address** to the IP of the Branch FortiGate After you enter the gateway, an available interface will be assigned as the Outgoing Interface. If you wish to

use a different interface, select it from the drop-down menu.
Set a secure Pre-shared Key.

VPN Creation Wizard

VPN Setup
 2 Authentication
 3 Policy & Routing

Remote Device IP Address Dynamic DNS

IP Address

Outgoing Interface

Detected via routing lookup

Authentication Method Pre-shared Key Signature

Pre-shared Key

HQ-to-Branch: Site to Site - FortiGate

- in the Policy & Routing step, set the Local Interface. The Local Subnets will be added automatically. Set Remote Subnets to the Branch FortiGate's local subnet

VPN Creation Wizard

VPN Setup
 Authentication
 3 Policy & Routing

Local Interface

Local Subnets

Remote Subnets

HQ-to-Branch: Site to Site - FortiGate

- A summary page shows the configuration created by the wizard, including firewall addresses, firewall address groups, a static route, and security policies.

VPN Creation Wizard

VPN Setup >
 Authentication >
 Policy & Routing

✔ The VPN has been set up

Summary of Created Objects

Phase 1 Interface	HQ-to-Branch
Phase 2 Interfaces	HQ-to-Branch
Static Routes	5.5.5.5/24
Local Address Group	HQ-to-Branch_local
Remote Address Group	HQ-to-Branch_remote
Local to Remote Policy	vpn_HQ-to-Branch_local
Remote to Local Policy	vpn_HQ-to-Branch_remote

4.2.2 Configuring OCB FE IPSEC VPN

1. On the Branch FortiGate, go to **VPN > IPsec Wizard**. Select the **Site to Site** template, and select **FortiGate**

VPN Creation Wizard

1 VPN Setup >
 2 Authentication >
 3 Policy & Routing

Name:

Template Type: Site to Site Remote Access Custom

Remote Device Type: FortiGate Cisco

NAT Configuration: No NAT between sites This site is behind NAT The remote site is behind NAT

Site to Site - FortiGate

- In the **Authentication** step, set **IP Address** to the IP of the on prem. FortiGate. After you enter the gateway, an available interface will be assigned as the Outgoing Interface. If you wish to use a different interface, select Change. Set the same Pre-shared Key that was used for HQ's VPN.

VPN Creation Wizard

VPN Setup
 2 Authentication
 3 Policy & Routing

Remote Device: IP Address Dynamic DNS
 IP Address:
 Outgoing Interface:
 Authentication Method: Detected via routing lookup
 Pre-shared Key Signature
 Pre-shared Key:

Branch-to-HQ: Site to Site - FortiGate

- In the **Policy & Routing** step, set the **Local Interface**. The **Local Subnets** will be added automatically. Set **Remote Subnets** to the HQ FortiGate's local subnet

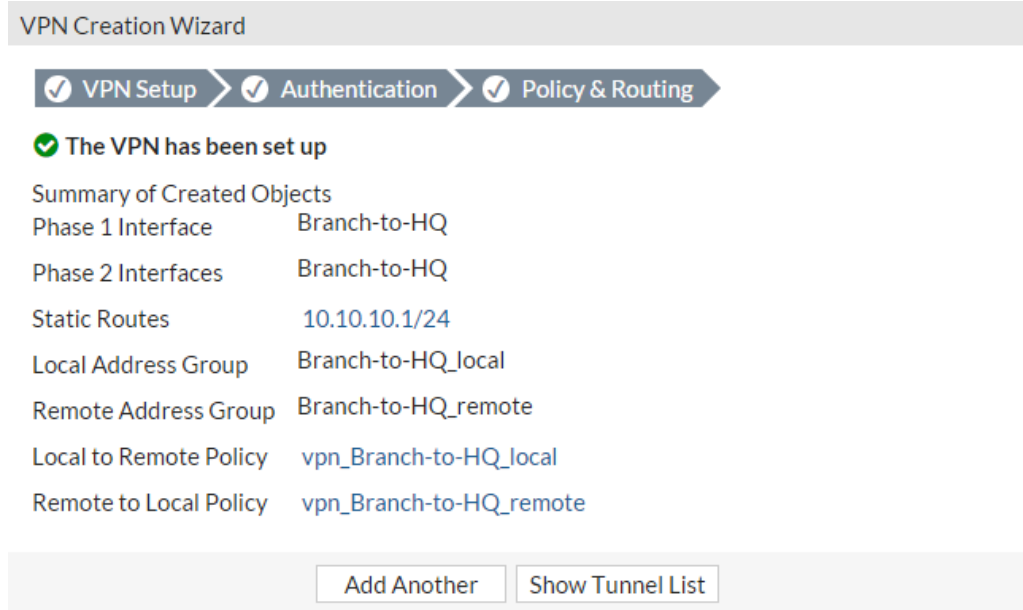
VPN Creation Wizard

VPN Setup
 Authentication
 3 Policy & Routing

Local Interface:
 Local Subnets:
 Remote Subnets:

Branch-to-HQ: Site to Site - FortiGate

4. A summary page shows the configuration created by the wizard, including firewall addresses, firewall address groups, a static route, and security policies.



VPN Creation Wizard

✓ VPN Setup > ✓ Authentication > ✓ Policy & Routing

✓ The VPN has been set up

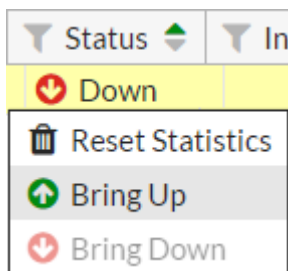
Summary of Created Objects

Phase 1 Interface	Branch-to-HQ
Phase 2 Interfaces	Branch-to-HQ
Static Routes	10.10.10.1/24
Local Address Group	Branch-to-HQ_local
Remote Address Group	Branch-to-HQ_remote
Local to Remote Policy	vpn_Branch-to-HQ_local
Remote to Local Policy	vpn_Branch-to-HQ_remote

Add Another Show Tunnel List

4.2.3 Results

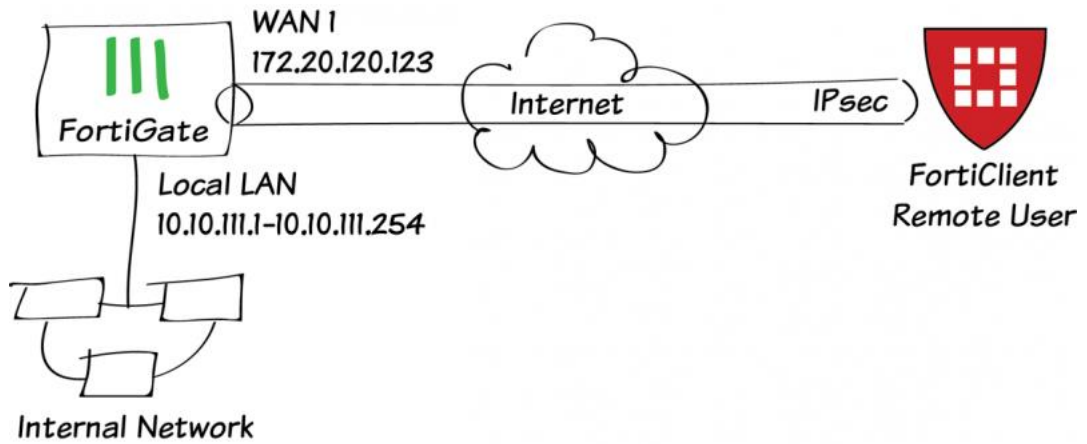
On either FortiGate, go to **Monitor > IPsec Monitor** to verify the status of the VPN tunnel. Right-click under **Status** and select **Bring Up**.



4.3 IPsec VPN with FortiClient

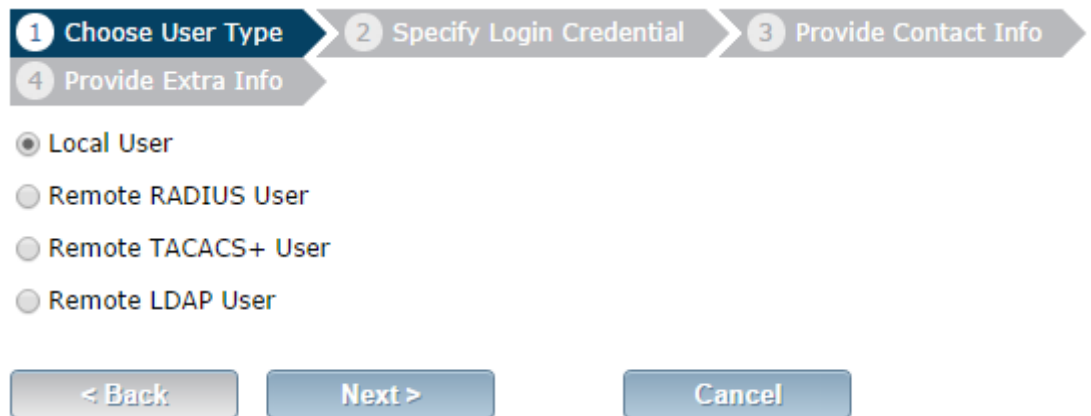
This option uses the IPsec VPN Wizard to provide a group of remote users with secure, encrypted access to the corporate network.

The tunnel provides group members with access to the internal network, but forces them through the FortiGate unit when accessing the Internet. When the tunnel is configured, you will connect using the FortiClient application.

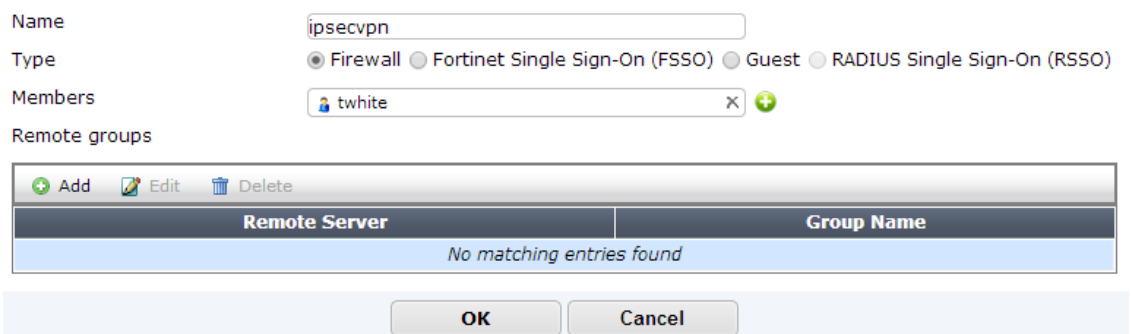


4.3.1 Creating a user group for remote users

1. Go to User & Device > User > User Definition.
2. Create a new Local User with the User Creation Wizard.



3. Proceed through each step of the wizard, carefully entering the appropriate information.
4. Go to User & Device > User > User Groups. Create a user group for remote users and add the user you created.



4.3.2 Adding a firewall address for the local network

1. Go to Policy & Objects > Objects > Addresses.

2. Add a firewall address for the Local LAN, including the subnet and local interface.

Category	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Address <input type="radio"/> IPv6 Address <input type="radio"/> Multicast Address
Name	<input type="text" value="Local LAN"/>
Type	<input type="text" value="Subnet"/>
Subnet / IP Range	<input type="text" value="10.10.111.0/255.255.255.0"/>
Interface	<input type="text" value="port1"/>
Visibility	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Comments	<input type="text" value="Write a comment..."/> 0/255

4.3.3 Configuring the IPsec VPN using the IPsec VPN Wizard

1. Go to VPN > IPsec > Wizard.
2. Name the VPN connection* and select Dial Up – FortiClient (Windows, Mac OS, Android) and click Next.

1 VPN Setup > 2 Authentication > 3 Policy & Routing > 4 Client Options

Name

Template

- Dialup - FortiClient (Windows, Mac OS, Android)
- Site to Site - FortiGate
- Dialup - iOS (Native)
- Dialup - Android (Native L2TP/IPsec)
- Dialup - Cisco Firewall
- Site to Site - Cisco
- Custom VPN Tunnel (No Template)

3. Set the Incoming Interface to the internet-facing interface.
4. Select Pre-shared Key for the Authentication Method.

5. Enter a pre-shared key* and select the new user group, then click Next.

6. Set Local Interface to an internal interface (in the example, port 1) and set Local Address to the local LAN address.

7. Enter an IP range for VPN users in the Client Address Range field.*

8. Click Next and select Client Options as desired.

4.3.4 Creating a security policy for access to the Internet

1. Go to Policy & Objects > Policy > IPv4.
2. Create a security policy allowing remote users to access the Internet securely through the FortiGate unit.
3. Set Incoming Interface to the tunnel interface and set Source Address to all.
4. Set Outgoing Interface to wan1 and Destination Address to all.
5. Set Service to ALL and ensure that you enable NAT.

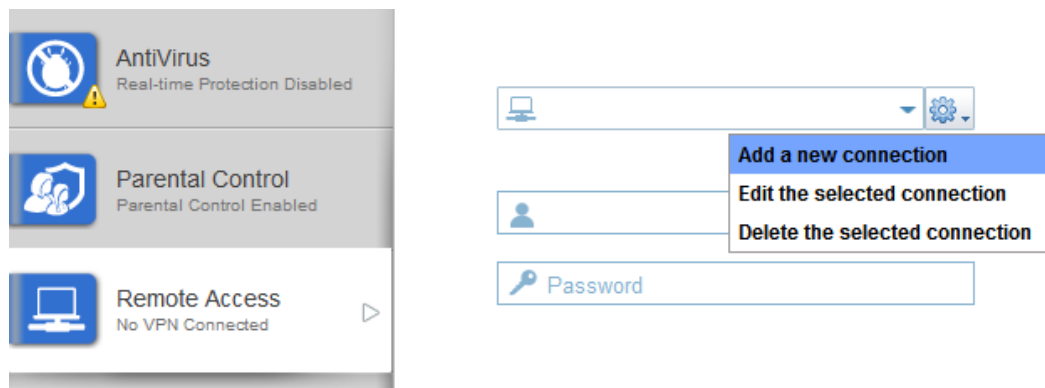
Incoming Interface	ipsecvpn	+
Source Address	FortiClient VPN_range	+
Source User(s)	Click to add...	
Source Device Type	Click to add...	
Outgoing Interface	wan1	+
Destination Address	all	+
Schedule	always	
Service	ALL	+
Action	ACCEPT	

Firewall / Network Options

ON NAT

4.3.5 Configuring FortiClient

1. Open FortiClient, go to Remote Access and Add a new connection



2. Provide a Connection Name and set the Type to IPsec VPN.
3. Set Remote Gateway to the FortiGate IP address.

- Set Authentication Method to Pre-Shared Key and enter the key below

- Select the new connection, enter the username and password, and click Connect.




4.3.6 Results

- Once the connection is established, the FortiGate assigns the user an IP address and FortiClient displays the status of the connection, including the IP address, connection duration, and bytes sent and received

- On the FortiGate unit, go to VPN > Monitor > IPsec Monitor and verify that the tunnel Status is Up.

Name	Type	Remote Gateway	Status	Incoming Data	Outgoing Data
ipsec_0	Dialup	172.20.120.16	Up	9.22 K	3.48 K

3. Go to Log & Report > Traffic Log > Forward Traffic to view the traffic.
4. Verify that the Sent/Received column displays traffic successfully flowing through the tunnel

#	Date/Time	Src Interface	Dst Interface	Src	Dst	Sent / Received
1	11:22:41	ipsecvpn	wan1	10.10.111.16	 208.91.112.53	59 B / 221 B
2	11:22:41	ipsecvpn	wan1	10.10.111.16	 208.91.112.53	60 B / 292 B
3	11:22:41	ipsecvpn	wan1	10.10.111.16	 208.91.112.53	56 B / 288 B